

The regulatory GENomE of SWine and CHicken: functional annotation during development

Aims, results and impacts of H2020 GENE-SWitCH*

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Elisabetta Giuffra¹, Hervé Acloque¹ and the GENE-SWitCH consortium

(1) Université Paris-Saclay, INRAE, AgroParisTech, Jouy-en-Josas, France

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The global aim



➢ To deliver underpinning knowledge on the pig and chicken genomes <u>and</u>.

➢ to enable its translation to the pig and poultry sectors



WP7 (Project management and consortium coordination) WP8 (Ethics requirements) **Three specific interconnected aims:**

A. Functional annotations across tissues and developmental stages (WP1, WP2, WP3)
B. Using functional annotation for precision animal breeding (WP4, WP5)

C - Standardization of data and processes (WP3), **dissemination and outreach** (WP6)



Aim A - Functional annotations across tissues and developmental stages





Identify the functional elements of chicken and pig genomes in 7 tissues across 3 developmental stages.

- Characterize their tissue specificity and temporal dynamics ("switches")
- Characterize their patterns of conservation and variation (mammals vs. birds).
- Deliver high-quality, richly annotated genome annotation maps open to the community.





Aim A - Identify the functional elements of chicken and pig genomes across developmental stages

Raw QC data

Assay			Number of libraries		Raw reads number per library (mean)		Accession Number	
			SSC	GGA	SSC	GGA	SSC	GGA
	ATAC-seq		84	84	100M	105M	PRJEB44468	PRJEB45945
	ChIP-seq RNA-seq	IgG CTCF H3K4me1 H3K27me3 H3K27Ac MRNA-seq smallRNA-seq	78 82 80 83 83 84 84 84	77 78 76 76 81 77 84 84	48M 51M 95M 50M 103M 53M 15 65	58M 52M 115M 57M 126M 61M 50M	local s local s local s local s local s local s local s PRJEB41970 PRJEB42001	server server server server server PRJEB42025 PRJEB42041
		lso-seg	21	21	3.5M		PRJEB50963	PRJEB48060
	DNA methylation	RRBS	63	63	59M	55M	PRJEB41822	PRJEB41829
		WGBS	21	21	36X*	31X*	PRJEB42772	PRJEB42775
	Capture Hi-C		12	12	180M	200M	PRJEB44486	local server

Pipelines

nf-core/isoseq: simple gene and isoform annotation with PacBio Iso-Seq long-read sequencing d

Sébastien Guizard ➡, Katarzyna Miedzinska, Jacqueline Smith, Jonathan Smith, Richard I Kuo, Megan Davey, Alan Archibald, Mick Watson

Bioinformatics, Volume 39, Issue 5, May 2023, btad150, https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btad150

TAGADA: a scalable pipeline to improve genome annotations with RNA-seq data 👌

Cyril Kurylo, Cervin Guyomar, Sylvain Foissac 🖾, Sarah Djebali 🔰 Author Notes

NAR Genomics and Bioinformatics, Volume 5, Issue 4, December 2023, Iqad089, https://doi.org/10.1093/nargab/Iqad089

GSM pipeline (bisulfite sequencing data) from extension of nf-core methyl-seq pipeline (De Vos et al. submitted)

On <u>https://data.faang.org/GENE-SWitCH</u> under the terms of the Fort Lauderdale agreement and Toronto Statement.



Aim A- A first Ensembl Regulatory Build for pig (7 breeds) and chicken (jungle fowl, a broiler and a white leghorn)

CEnsembl

Amongst the first Ensembl regulatory annotations for the genomes of vertebrate species other than human and mouse

Ensembl 2024 👌

Peter W Harrison ☎, M Ridwan Amode, Olanrewaju Austine-Orimoloye, Andrey G Azov Matthieu Barba, If Barnes, Arne Becker, Ruth Bennett, Andrew Berry, Jyothish Bhai ... Show more

Nucleic Acids Research, Volume 52, Issue D1, 5 January 2024, Pages D891–D899, https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkad1049

Ensembl Release 111 (Jan 2024) relabeled some annotated regions as enhancers based on their overlap with relevant histone ChIP-seq peaks



Aim B. Using functional annotation for precision animal breeding Two different approaches:



Can functional annotations enhance the prediction accuracy of breeding values in commercial populations? Provide a basis for future studies focused on better farm management (e.g. using lowerquality, more sustainable feed)



WP4: Improving predictive models for genomic selection



Genomic Selection



Aim:

Extend genomic prediction models to exploit new annotation maps of pig and chicken generated in GENE-SWitCH.

Achieved by:

- Developing new genomic prediction models.
- Generating fine-mapped QTL and eQTL.
- Validating the models in large scale commercial data.







WP4 Main outputs

- Important focus on model development:
 - BayesRCO software is freely available
 - Machine learning models better explain phenotypes for epistatic traits
- Gene expression explains considerable variance, depending on moment of sampling
- ≻ QTL-mapping:
 - eQTL in pigs
 - Fine-mapped QTL in chickens
- > Validation genomic prediction in commercial populations:
 - Combining annotations (using FAETH scores) improves accuracy in pigs

Mollandin F. et al. (2021) <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/g3journal/jkab225</u> Mollandin F. et al. (2022) <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/s12859-022-04914-5</u> Perez B.C. et al. (2022) <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/g3journal/jkac039</u> Perez B.C. et al. (2022) <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/g3journal/jkac258</u> More papers in progress



https://github.com/FAANG/BayesRCO



WP5: Epigenetic effects of maternal high fibre diets in utero and the offspring



Leader:

Aim:

To assess the epigenetic effects of maternal diets varying in fibre content on pig fetuses and weaned piglets

Achieved by:

a dedicated *in vivo* experiment (maternal diets differing in fiber contents, 2 progenies, focus on liver and muscle)
Analysis of differentially transcribed genes and chromatin accessibility regions from offspring and fetuses
Integrative analyses (including microbiota composition, short chain fatty acid measures, weight phenotypes)

INRA@

diagenoide

EMBL-EE

WP5 Main outputs



High fiber contents in maternal diets determine a pervasive alteration of the functional genome of the liver and muscle tissues of the pig offspring

- Transcriptomic and epigenetic effects are better detectable in piglets (10-weeks old, all on the same diet after weaning) than in fetuses
- Effects on piglet phenotypes (weight, SCFAs, microbiota) not statistically significant.
- Evidence for an anti-inflammatory phenotype in both liver and muscle triggered by high fibers

Chalabi S., Loonen L. et al. Paper in preparation

A basis for further studies into the impact of maternal diets on progeny phenotypes (e.g. infectious disease responses)



Aim C - Standardization of data and processes (WP3), dissemination and outreach (WP6)





Several activities implemented throughout the project:

• Coordination, standardisation, validation, curation and archiving of GENE-SWitCH data



- Clustering activities with the other H2020 projects = start of EuroFAANG
- Enabling use of produced knowledge to improve the effectiveness of genomic selection in the pig and poultry sectors
- Implement training and capacity building activities (for both academia and industry)

Did GENE-SWitCH match the expected impacts?

- Delivered high-quality reference annotation maps, with impact on several areas of fundamental and applied science (e.g. for animal industry specialists)
- Delivered and tested new genomic prediction models that include genome annotations to improve precision breeding–efficiently disseminated to industry
- > Paved the way for follows-up investigations:
- By other ongoing European projects, notably GERON MOS
- For nutritional studies focused on using lower-quality, more sustainable feed
- Has co-founded EuroFAANG, that provides a great opportunity for large scope G2P research in Europe in the next decade.
 EUROFAANG





All about GENE-SWitCH is here: https://www.gene-switch.eu/













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GENE-S

A "final" big thanks to all participants and FAANG/EuroFAANG collaborators



Final (hybrid) conference, Brussels 6-8 Nov. 2023 ...and to the BovReg consortium for hosting us today

BovReg Final conference, Brussels, 14-15 February 2024



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